





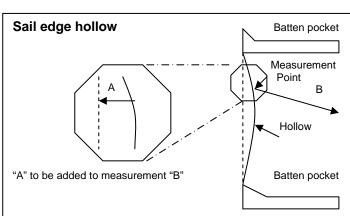
## **Headsail Measurement**

What is being measured? Luff length (LL), luff perpendicular (LP), half width (HHW), three quarter width (HTW) and upper width (HUW)

What are these? The length of the **luff**, the distance between the **clew point** and the **luff**, and the distances from the **half**, **three quarter** and **upper leech points** to the **luff**.

In practice:

- 1. Lay the sail out flat on a suitable floor.
- 2 Establish **head point**, **tack point** and **clew point** as shown by the diagram.
- Straighten the luff and pulling firmly measure the luff length between the head point and the tack point. (LL)
- 4. Measure from the **clew point** to the nearest point on the **luff**. (LP)
- 5. Fold the **head point** to the **clew point**. Mark the fold. That is **half leech point**.
- Fold the head point to the half leech point.
  Mark the fold. That is three quarter leech point.
- 7. Fold the **head point** to the **three quarter leech point**. Mark the fold. That is **upper leech point**.
- 8. Measure from each **leech point** to the nearest point on the **luff**. This will give the **half**, **three quarter** and **upper widths**. (HHW, HTW, HUW)
- 9. Check for sail edge hollows.
- Add any hollow (A) to each measured width (B) to get the final widths. (HHW, HTW, HUW)



## References:

Equipment Rules of Sailing. http://www.sailing.org/documents/isaf-equipment-rules.php.

G.4.1, G.4.2 and G.4.3 define clew point, head point, and tack point.

G.5.2, G.5.3 and G.5.4 define half leech point, three quarter leech point and upper leech point.

G.7.3 defines luff length.

G.7.5, G.7.6 and G.7.7 define half width, three quarter width and upper width.

G.7.11 defines luff perpendicular.

G.2.4 and H.5.2 address sail edge hollows.

